ASSIGNMENT 4

Textbook Assignment:

"Meteorological Products and Tactical Decision Aids," "Oceanographic Products and Tactical Decision Aids," "Operational Oceanography" and "Special Observations and Forecasts." Pages 7-1 through 10-12.

- 4-1. The Electronic Countermeasures 4-7. (ECM) effectiveness display provides airborne jammer effectiveness for a maximum of how many ranges?
 - 1. 10
 - 2. 7
 - 3. 5
 - 4. 4
- 4-2. Which of the following parameters is NOT an input to the D-Value (DVAL) program?
 - 1. Temperature
 - 2. Pressure level in feet
 - 3. Specification of output units
 - 4. Specification of output altitude increments
- Which of the following factors is considered the primary cause of EM propagation loss with regard to the Battle Group Vulnerability (BGV) product?
 - 1. Water vapor
 - 2 Refraction
 - 3. Haze
 - 4. Obstructions to vision
- 4-4. The Electromagnetic Path Loss (LOSS) program is valid only for EM systems with frequencies between what range?
 - 10 Hz and 100 Hz
 - 2. 100 Hz and 1 MHz
 - 1 MHz and 1 GHz
 - 4. 100 MHz and 20 GHz
- What is the maximum intercept range available when you use the Electronic Support Measure (ESM) program?
 - 100 km 500 km 1.
 - 2.
 - 1,000 km 3.
 - 4. 10,000 km
- 4-6. The Platform Vulnerability (PV) program assumes emitters are radiating at what power level?
 - 1. Average power level
 - 2. Minimum power level
 - 3. Maximum power level
 - 4. Multiple power level

- Which of the following statements is accurate concerning detection ranges in the Surface-Search Radar Range (SSR) tables?
 - There are three screen outputs
 - 2. Ranges are expressed in metric units only
 - 3. Detection ranges represent average distances to the objects only
 - 4. Detection ranges represent minimum, average, and maximum ranges to the objects
- 4-8. The coverage display model can be used for all EXCEPT which of the following applications?
 - 1. Airborne or surface-based surface-search radars employed against surface targets
 - 2. Long-range air-search radars, surface-based or airborne
 - 3. Surface-search radars when employed against low-flying targets
 - 4. Sonobuoys (with proper antenna height and frequency)
- 4-9. The function of the coverage display model is to calculate the maximum radar range for a given radar and target.

 - 1. True 2. False
- The Ship Ice Accretion (SHIP ICE) 4-10. program algorithm considers air temperatures in what range?
 - 35°F to -10°F 1.
 - 2. 33°F to -5°F

 - 3. 0°c to -21°C 4. -2°C to -21°C
- 4-11. What equivalent explosive weight is used with the Sound Focus (SOCUS) program in a reduced charge muzzle blast from a 16-inch naval gun?

 - 1. 66 lb 2. 198 lb 3. 330
 - 4. 400 lb

- 4-12. Prediction (LRP) program?
 - The program's Night/Day display incorporates several sets of eye apertures for various exposures
 - 2. The program operates on a frequency specified basis
 - 3. The program is not to be used for air-to-air scenarios
 - 4. Data-base computations select the pulse repetition frequency for the minimum power of a particular radar
- 4-13. What is the minimum requirement, if any, for the upper air-sounding used with the Ballistic Wind and Densities Corrections (BALWND) program?
 - 1. The sounding must contain at least five significant levels between the surface and the 700-hPa level
 - 2. The sounding must contain upper wind data
 - 3. The sounding must be within 100 nm of the forecast point
 - 4. None
- All EXCEPT which of the following 4-14. parameters are user inputs to the Radiological Fallout (RADFO) model?

 - Weapon yield
 Type of burst
 Location

 - 4. M-unit profile
- The RADFO model is meant to be used 4-15. only for which type of nuclear bursts?
 - High-altitude bursts
 Deep-water bursts

 - 2. Deep-water bursts
 3. Deep-underground bursts
 - 4. surface or near-surface bursts
- Which of the following statements 4-16. is accurate with regard to the Forward-Looking Infrared (FLIR) program?
 - Weather changes throughout the forecast period are inputs to the program
 - 2. Attenuation due to rain, fog, and haze are considered in the program
 - 3. FLIR data may be interpolated for a layer above the maximum height of the sounding
 - 4. Generally, the higher the wind speed, the shorter the ranges

- Which of the following statements 4-17. At which of the following levels is valid concerning the Laser Range does the Aircraft Icing (AIRICE) program start its analysis?
 - 1. The LFC
 - 2. The LCL, or the surface if no LCL exists
 - 3. The 1,000-hPa level
 - 4. The CCL
 - 4-18. Which of the following percentages are icing probability outputs from the AIRICE program?
 - 1. 10, 20, 50, and 100% probabilities
 - 50 and 100% probabilities
 - 3. 25, 50, 75, and 100% probabilities
 - 4. Trace, 50, and 100% probabilities
 - 4-19. Which of the following statements concerning the Tidal Prediction (TIDE) module is valid?
 - The TIDE module can be used for any coastal location
 - 2. By inputting the current surface observation, surf conditions may also be calculated
 - 3. A maximum of five stations may be retrieved at any one time
 - 4. Tidal currents can not be predicted by using the TIDE module
 - 4-20. What is the maximum number of leg segments that may be used with the trackline scenario of the Naval Search and Rescue (NAVSAR) program?
 - 1. One
 - 2. Five
 - 3. Three
 - 4. Four
 - 4-21. Which of the following statements is NOT valid regarding the NAVSAR program?
 - 1. The user can request up to five search object probability maps
 - 2. The search altitude entry for a ship is the ship's bridge height or the height of the sensor
 - 3. The user inputs all sweep widths
 - 4. A maximum of eight weather observations may be entered

- 4-22. Which of the following statements 4-27. Which of the following information is valid regarding the Raytrace (RAY) program?
 - The program uses several sound speed profiles simultaneously to generate a RAY diagram
 - The program traces only outgoing rays
 - The program calculates RAY diagrams for flat ocean bottoms only
 - 4. Extrapolated data from sound speed profiles that do not extend to 2500 m is very accurate
- Which of the following inputs 4-23. is/are selectable for the Passive Acoustic Propagation Loss (PPL) 4-29. RP33 offers assistance in the program?
 - 1. Mean water salinity
 - 2. Mean water density

 - Target trackline data
 Source and receiver depths
- 4-24. Which of the following statements is accurate regarding the Passive Acoustic Propagation Loss (PPL) program?
 - 1. Convergence zone path cannot be inferred from the PPL output
 - 2. The homogeneity of the watermass is not considered when using the program
 - 3. Reliable output is constrained
 - 4. PPL is a range dependent acoustic model
- The QPL program uses both the LFBL 4-25. data base and the COLOSSUS data base to estimate propagation loss.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- Which of the following statements 4-26. is accurate regarding the Near-Surface Ocean Thermal Structural (NOTS) program?
 - 1. The program may be used in all oceanic areas
 - 2. The program is used to forecast changes in the upper ocean temperatures
 - 3. Output is available in a tabular output only
 - 4. Output from the program is always unclassified

- may NOT be inferred from a Sound Speed Profile (SSP) module output?
 - The existence of sound channels
 - 2. The existence of convergence zones

 - 3. The sonic layer depth4. The presence of bottom bounce
- 4-28. Fleet Numerical Meteorology and Oceanography Center (FNMOC), Monterey, California, reviews all Bathy data prior to retransmission in a Bathy collective.

 - 1. True 2. False
 - ordering of MOE charts.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 4-30. In order for a usable convergence zone path to exist, the water column must be deeper than the limiting depth by at least how many fathoms?
 - 50 1.
 - 2. 200
 - 3. 300
 - 4. 500
 - 4-31. Which of the following factors has a major impact on bottom bounce transmission?

 - Composition of the bottom
 Depth of the sound channel
 Depth of the mixed layer Depth of the sound channel axis

 - 4. Strength of the thermocline gradient
 - 4-32. Which of the following displays is an output from the Sonic Layer Depth (SLD) product?
 - 1. A shaded SLD display expressed in meters
 - 2. A shaded SLD display expressed in feet
 - 3. A shaded SLD display expressed in kiloyards
 - 4. A Regional Grid SLD display expressed in kiloyards

- 4-33. regarding surface ducts is NOT valid?
 - 1. Surface ducts may occur if the temperature within the mixed
 - layer increases with depth
 2. Surface ducts may occur if the temperature within the mixed layer decreases with depth
 - temperature within the mixed layer remains isothermal
 - 4. Generally, the deeper the mixed layer the more useful the surface duct
- Which, if any, of the following 4-34. statements pertaining to direct path propagation is valid?
 - 1. Direct path is the simplest propagation path
 - 2. Direct path ranges occur where there is slight to moderate reflection in the layer
 - 3. The source and receiver must be within 90° of one another in order for direct path to be useful
 - 4. None of the above
- 4-35. What influence does half-channel conditions have on the speed of sound in water?
 - Sound speeds increase to the top of the main thermocline, then decrease
 - 2. Sound speeds decrease to the top of the main thermocline, then increase
 - 3. Sound speed decreases with increasing depth
 - 4. Sound speed increases with increasing depth
- Where is the deep sound channel 4-43. 4-36. axis depth located?
 - 1. At the depth of maximum sound speed in the deep sound channel
 - 2. Always above the mixed layer depth
 - 3. At the depth of minimum sound speed in the deep sound channel
 - 4. Always within the main thermocline
- 4-37. What is another name for the deep sound channel?
 - 1. The Optimum (OP) channel
 - 2. The Sound Fixing and Ranging (SOFAR) channel
 - 3. The Range/Bearing (RAB) channel
 - 4. The Search and Rescue (SAR) channel

- Which of the following statements 4-38. The relative strength of a shallow sound channel depends upon which of the following characteristics?
 - 1. Surface turbidity
 - 2. Surface turbidity and temperature
 - 3. Stratum thickness
 4. Density
- 3. Surface ducts may occur if the 4-39. Heavy shading on the Shallow Sound Channel Cutoff Frequency display indicates what limiting frequency range?
 - 1 to 50 Hz
 - 51 to 150 Hz 2.
 - 3. 151 to 300 Hz
 - 4. 300 to 500 Hz
 - 4-40. Which of the following noise sources is NOT referred to as ambient noise?
 - 1. Noise due to earthquake activity
 - 2. Noise due to precipitation
 - 3. Self-noise
 - 4. Fish/crustacean noise
 - 4-41. What is the primary source of low frequency ambient noise?
 - 1. Distant shipping traffic
 - 2. Fish
 - 3. Ocean fronts
 - 4. Turbidity currents
 - 4-42. At what sea height would waves first begin to affect active sonobuoy detection?
 - 1. 12 ft
 - 2. 9 ft
 - 3. 6 ft
 - What is a good rule of thumb for sea state noises?
 - Sea state noise increases approximately 2 dB for each increase in sea state
 - 2. Sea state noise increases approximately 3 dB for each increase in sea state
 - 3. Sea state noise increases approximately 5 dB for each increase in sea state
 - 4. Sea state noise increases approximately 6 dB for each increase in sea state

- 4-44. Which of the following statements 4-50. Of the following commands, which pertaining to bioluminescent displays is accurate?
 - 1. Most sheet-type bioluminescent displays are found in deep basins
 - Jellyfish may cause glowingball displays
 - 3. Undulating waves of light are 4-51. categorized as sheet bioluminescence
 - 4. Spark-type bioluminescence primarily occurs in warmer waters
- 4-45. The Secchi Disc is used to obtain which of the following information?
 - 1. A common measurement of water transparency
 - 2. A common measurement of water color
 - 3. A common measurement of incident illumination
 - 4. A common measurement of reflectivity
- Upwelling is normally found in the 4-46. western portions of major oceans.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- Which of the following statements 4 - 47. is NOT characteristic of acoustic effects of fronts?
 - The sonic layer depth (SLD) can change by as much as 1,000 ft in crossing a front
 - 2. Increased biological activity generally found along a front 4-53. will increase ambient noise
 - 3. Towed array accuracies will increase through the front
 - 4. The depth of the deep sound channel may change by as much as 2,500 ft in crossing a front
- 4-48. Of the following systems, which is a principal mine hunting sonar system?
 - 1. AN/SQQ-32 2. AN/SQQ-47 3. AN/SQR-19

 - 4. AN/SQS-53
- 4-49. Sustained winds of 35 knots or greater define the minimum criteria for which of the following warnings?

 - Wind warnings
 Storm warnings
 - 3. Gale warnings
 - 4. Small craft warnings

- would issue tropical warnings for the western Pacific Ocean?
 - 1. NAVPACMETOCCEN WEST GUAM
 - 2. NAVPACMETOCCEN PEARL HARBOR
 3. NAVPACMETOCFAC YOKOSUKA
 4. NAVLANTMETOCCEN NORFOLK
- Which of the following statements regarding the Atmospheric Refractivity Profile Generator (ARPGEN) product is NOT valid?
 - 1. The refractivity data set can accommodate a maximum of five data sets
 - 2. Levels above 10,000 m are discarded
 - 3. Four types of historical profiles may be created
 - profiles may be created 4. M-unit profiles are entered in ascending order
- 4-52. When using the M-unit profile entry of the ARPGEN program, the evaporative duct height is determined by using which of the following parameters?
 - 1. Air temperature, sea level pressure, relative humidity, and wind speed only
 - 2. Sea surface temperature, dewpoint, relative humidity, and air temperature only
 - 3. Air temperature, relative humidity, wind speed, and sea surface temperature only
 - 4. Air temperature and relative humidity only
 - Which of the following is an accurate statement with regard to altimeter settings?
 - 1. The altimeter is set to the height of the cockpit
 - 2. The altimeter is set to the station elevation
 - 3. The altimeter is set to 10 ft above the deck
 - 4. Naval aircraft have selfadjusting altimeters that do not need manual adjustment
 - Assume that an aircraft is flying 4-54. at 9,000 ft. There is a 20-hPa pressure differential between the departure and arrival fields. Approximately how many feet of elevation change would this be?
 - 1. 100 ft
 - 2. 300 ft
 - 3. 600 ft
 - 4. 900 ft

- 4-55. Which of the following statements 4-59. WEAX/AVWX support will be issued twice per day under which of the during flight?
 - 1. In warmer ambient air, the altitude would be less than indicated
 - altitude would be greater than indicated 2. In warmer ambient air, the
 - 3. In colder ambient air, the altitude would be greater than indicated
 - 4. Aircraft altimeters should never be adjusted while in 4-60. flight
- Which of the following statements is/are valid regarding 4-56. environmental effects on electrooptical (EO) systems?
 - 1. As wavelength decreases, resolution increases
 - 2. As wavelength decreases, range decreases
 - 3. Both 1 and 2
 - 4. As wavelength decreases, range increases
- Of the following statements, which 4-57. one is accurate concerning "radiative crossover" and electrooptic contrast?
 - 1. Unlike substances always have differing temperatures, enhancing contrast
 - 2. Like substances heat and cool at different rates, enhancing contrast
 - 3. All objects heat and cool at the same rate, inhibiting contrast
 - 4. Different objects may have the same temperature at least twice daily, inhibiting contrast
- En route weather (WEAX) and Aviation weather (AVWX) support are 4-58. requested in movement reports (MOVREPS) in accordance with which of the following publications?
 - 1. NWP-10-1-10
 - 2. ATP-45 3. NTP-3 4. NWP-11

- following weather conditions?
 - 1. Wind speeds equal or exceed 25 knots, or are expected to equal or exceed 25 knots
 - 2. Seas are 9 ft or greater, or expected to be 9 ft or greater

 - 3. MINIMIZE is in effect
 4. Seas equal or exceed 12 ft, or are expected to equal or exceed 12 ft.
- When aircraft are embarked, AVWX will increase to twice per day when which of the following situations
 - Prevailing visibility is at or 1. decreases to less than 6 nm
 - 2. Prevailing visibility is at or decreases to less than 5 nm
 - 3. The ceiling is at or decreases to less than 1,500 ft
 - 4. The ceiling is at or decreases to less than 1,000 ft
- 4-61. Which of the following publications lists characteristics and capabilities of U. S. Navy ships?

 - 1. NWP 65-0-1 2. NTP-3 SUPP 1 3. NTP-4

 - 4. ATP-45
- 4-62. When ditching an aircraft becomes necessary, how should the landing take place when only one swell is present?
 - 1. Landing should take place perpendicular to the swell, preferably on the top or backside of the swell
 - 2. Landing should take place at a 45-degree angle to the swell, facing into the swell
 - 3. Landing should take place parallel to the swell, preferably on the top or backside of the swell
 - 4. No landing should be attempted when swell is present
 - Which of the following commands can 4-63. provide assistance in planning specific climatology requirements?
 - 1. NETPMSA, Pensacola
 - 2. FLENUMMETOCDET, Asheville
 3. NAVEURMETOCCEN, Rota
 4. NAVICECEN, Suitland